UNAIDS Reference Group on Estimates, Modelling and Projections Recommendations from the Fall Meeting 2017:

Method Development for the UNAIDS Estimates

16-18 October 2017, London, United Kingdom

Recommendation/Action Item	Lead Person(s)	Proposed timeline
1. Continuous Update and Improvement		
Spectrum AIDS Impact Model (AIM) Output Customisation: The Reference Group agrees that the additional display outputs for Spectrum, including the HIV dashboard and treatment cascade plots (e.g. 90-90-90, etc.) are implemented	Avenir Health	Immediate
<u>Uncertainty Analysis</u> : The newly reconfigured uncertainty analyses (based on 300 draws for year of estimate, only saving the upper/lower bounds for indicators, and applying current year variation to earlier years) to be implemented in Spectrum	Avenir Health	Immediate
CD4 Cell Count at ART Initiation: The Reference Group approves offering the choice to users of the two approaches for allocation of CD4 distribution for new individuals on ART (i.e. entering median CD4 count upon initiation or, if data unavailable, by defining the default allocation, with the added parameter to balance between expected mortality and distribution of eligible population)	Avenir Health	Immediate
Age Distribution for New Infections: Further consultation is planned to agree on new age distributions for new infections specific for Europe HIV-related Fertility Rate Reduction: Incorporation of subfertility effects in Spectrum were further addressed in the "Modelling Pediatric HIV and need for ART" meeting (19-20 October 2017, London). Recommendations	Avenir Health, UNAIDS, Tobi Saidel	Immediate
 were as follows: Fertility rate ratios (FRR's) to be adjusted in women not on ART, to incorporate subfertility results presented by Alpha Network (Milly Marston) and Jeff Eaton 	Avenir Health, Milly Marston, Jeff Eaton	Immediate
 Implement parameter in Spectrum to allow changes to the FRR of women on ART. Default value for parameter will remain at 1.0 pending further analysis and investigation 	Avenir Health	Immediate
 ANC routine data is recommended for fitting FRR's in Spectrum if data meet completeness and reporting standards. ANC sentinel surveillance data are not recommended for fitting FRR's 	Avenir Health	Immediate

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Spectrum on the Web: Current efforts to be continued, to make Spectrum (including EPP) available online alongside the desktop version, ready for countries to use in 2019	Avenir Health, East-West Center	Ongoing
Estimation and Projection Package (EPP) Incidence Curve r(t) Fitting: • The continued use of the equilibrium prior for modelling incidence curves is recommended as default for the immediate term, though the option to remove the equilibrium prior should be available, yet restricted to specific users (e.g. modellers and UNAIDS), for cases where use of the prior causes questionable results	East-West Center	Immediate
 Alternative model designs to be further investigated that balance model structure and flexibility, and that consider the following: 1) concentrated epidemics and data spare scenarios 2) optimised fitting time and 3) comparisons to r-flex (random walk) model 	Jeff Eaton, East-West Center, IHME,	May 2018
Incorporation of Direct Incidence Estimates: Further investigation for generic methods to improve direct incorporation of incidence estimates (e.g. from PHIA's, and other sources) into EPP/Spectrum is recommended, e.g. exploring correlations between incidence and prevalence data	Jeff Eaton, East-West Center, Avenir Health	Immediate
Overall Use of Demographic Household survey (DHS) Data: The continued use of 'unadjusted' DHS data for HIV estimates has been agreed, with the exception of Zambia, where the use of adjusted estimates should be recommended and communicated to the country estimates team	UNAIDS, Mathieu Maheu-Giroux, ICT Intl	Immediate
 For the Uganda 2011 AIS, the Reference Group recommends using confirmed HIV testing results. This recommendation should be communicated to the country estimates team and confirmed estimates provided by CDC 	UNAIDS OGAC/CDC	Immediate
Size Estimates of Key Populations: ● The Reference Group encourages more countries to investigate their key population sizes, and recognises the need for validation of current size estimations for key populations from independent approaches	UNAIDS, Le Bao, Abhi Datta, Stefan Baral, Jess Edwards	Ongoing
 Methods to include key population size estimates with uncertainty estimates into Spectrum/EPP model fitting process for concentrated epidemics (and potentially also generalised epidemics) to be investigated. This should include further research into estimating default uncertainty values based on either global, regional or type of epidemic 	UNAIDS, East-West Center, Avenir Health	Ongoing
 Novel data sources, such as social media data, are encouraged, but utilization of these data requires further epidemiological analysis and scrutiny (e.g. checking for double counting for estimates based on numbers of app downloads) 	UNAIDS	Ongoing

 The Reference Group recognises that current models do not aim to capture the contribution of transmission in/by key populations, and that alternative models would need to be used (and, in some cases, developed) to better reflect transmission dynamics 	Unassigned	Ongoing
 Further research to determine whether key populations (e.g. MSM and FSW) are sufficiently captured and adequately represented in current household survey data is required 	Leigh Johnson, ALPHA Network (TBC)	May 2018
Collaboration with IHME (GBD Estimates): The Reference Group encourages continued collaboration and regular correspondence with IHME, in particular for: (i) comparisons for Brazil and South Africa, investigations on ART mortality; (ii) testing linkage between income and earliness of initiating ART with PHIA data; and, (iii) understanding and communicating differences/similarities between GBD and UNAIDS estimates on overall burden estimates and '90-90-90' statistics. • Reference Group Secretariat to organise teleconferences with IHME and relevant parties, every 2 months	Secretariat, IHME, UNAIDS, Avenir Health, Leigh Johnson	Ongoing
2. Age-structured models		
ASM Development and Implementation: Development for the age/sex-specific model (ASM) and incorporation of age/sex-specific adult mortality to be continued. The design specification should be agreed by the Spring Reference Group meeting, to be ready for testing by countries at the next 2019 UNAIDS estimates regional workshops. Method development should consider the following: Model should ensure capability to incorporate additional PHIA survey indicators into model inference Approaches for ASM to be used for generalised epidemics with sparse data sets and concentrated epidemics to be pursued 	Jeff Eaton, East-West Center, Avenir Health	May 2018
3. Use of case-report and mortality data		
Case Surveillance and Vital Registration (CSAVR) Tool Incidence Estimation in CSAVR: • The Reference Group agrees to the implementation of the newly reconfigured incidence estimation in CSAVR (estimating new diagnoses and fitting the observed values to those predicted, dropping the time-lag estimation, adding second order segmented polynomial curves and AIC model selection)	Avenir Health, UNAIDS	Immediate
 Further consultation to agree on whether raw or adjusted WHO vital registration mortality data and/or IHME mortality estimates should be used for model fitting 	Avenir Health, UNAIDS, IHME, Secretariat	Immediate
 Investigate use of more efficient EPP-ASM code base for CSAVR estimation 	Avenir Health, Secretariat	Ongoing

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Comparison of model estimates using case-reports Brazil and South Africa to be used as case studies to undertake an in-depth model comparison between different modelling tools using case-reporting data for HIV estimates (for Brazil: CSAVR/Spectrum, Imperial College Brazil Model, and IHME models; for South Africa: Spectrum, Thembisa and IHME models), to understand differences and improve guidance for countries on these different approaches	Tara Mangal, Leigh Johnson, Avenir Health, UNAIDS, IHME	May 2018
Mortality on ART Assumptions		
ART Mortality Task Force: ■ A working group dedicated to investigating mortality on ART to be immediately established, with a teleconference to be organised in November 2017 (by the Secretariat) to address: □ Review whether Brazil data can be recommended for use in Brazil; and European data in Europe □ Review female and male mortality rates for Latin America Region currently in Spectrum from IeDEA □ Review current assumptions for Europe and recommend how they should be adjusted to better match data by the ART Cohort Collaboration (e.g. recent temporal trends)	ART Mortality Working Group (Secretariat, Avenir Health, UNAIDS, IeDEA, Alpha Network, IHME) & ART-CC	Immediate
 By the next Reference Group meeting, the working group should propose new schedules for on-ART mortality and provide possible explanations for trends in mortality rates. Results from other data sources (e.g. China mortality analyses) are welcomed 	Alpha Network, IeDEA, IHME, Avenir Health, Le Bao/Guo Wei	May 2018
Mortality and Disengagement from Care Model Development: Model development to be extended to include CD4 progression/regression. Model to be tested with upcoming data from IeDEA-East Africa cohorts and presented at the next Reference Group meeting, to review incorporation into Spectrum • The revised model should be able to accommodate potential novel data sources and, subject to review and testing, should be piloted in Spectrum in 2018, before roll-out for country estimates	IeDEA	May 2018
4. Use of programme service data		
Incorporation of ANC-RT Data in EPP: ■ Newly implemented validation screen for routine ANC data (ANC1, number of known HIV positives, number of people tested/ANC visits, number of tested positives, etc.) with coverage diagnostic plots is agreed for current implementation	East-West Center	Immediate
 Investigation on approaches to compare antenatal routine data (ANC-RT) and sentinel surveillance data (ANC-SS) to be extended to more regions, to improve ANC-RT calibration parameter 	Ben Sheng, Le Bao	May 2018
Exploration studies on ANC-RT Data:		
 Investigation of the effect of testing coverage on prevalence to be extended to more countries (e.g. Kenya, Zimbabwe, Cote d'Ivoire, and potentially PEPFAR data) and to be tested at 80% and 85% coverage. Development of simple heuristic adjustment to be explored to improve model efficiency 	Mathieu Maheu-Giroux, Jeff Eaton	May 2018

The Reference Group encourages the continuation of studies exploring the impact of facility reporting.	Peter Young	May 2018
The Reference Group recognises the need for monthly facility data for robust inference of trends from routine health facility data. Standard DHIS extraction tool should additionally include whether facility filed a report in a given reporting period	UNAIDS, WHO, PEPFAR, Global Fund Technical Assistance & partners	Ongoing
5. Spatially-specific estimates		
Geospatial (HIVE-Map) Model		
 HIVE-Map Model Implementation: The Reference Group recommends the use of the HIVE-Map as the preferred model for subnational HIV estimates, to be used in those countries for which it is available 	HIVE Team (Pete Gething, Sam Bhatt), UNAIDS	Immediate
 The Reference Group encourages collaboration of the PHIA survey team and the HIVE team, to facilitate inclusion of PHIA survey data in HIVE estimates, used in the PEPFAR Country Operational Plans (COP) 2018 	CDC, ICAP, HIVE team, UNAIDS, Secretariat	Immediate
HIVE-Map Dissemination and Communication: • HIVE-Map to be communicated as providing an extension to Spectrum results to countries, to provide estimates at a granular subnational level	UNAIDS	Immediate
 A joint guidance document for HIVE-MAP use alongside Spectrum should be generated and future joint copying of HIVE team, UNAIDS and partners to be coordinated for future correspondence 	HIVE team, UNAIDS, PEPFAR, Avenir Health	Immediate
HIVE vs SAE Comparison: Model comparisons between HIVE-Map and small area estimates (SAE) model to be extended to more countries and include further indicators, to better understand differences and aid method development	HIVE team, Steve Gutreuter	May 2018
HIVE-Map Data Collection and Curation: ■ The Reference Group recommends systematic work with Central Statistical Offices to assemble and curate standardised shape files and population data, which may include intelligence gathering from other disease fields	OGAC, UNAIDS	Sept 2018
 UNAIDS are working to plan the next steps to establish a central repository for HIV-related data inputs to the Spectrum model and HIVE-Map model 	UNAIDS, HIVE team	Sept 2018
 HIVE-Map Method Development: HIVE-Map ART catchment modelling to be further developed using currently available program/cohort study data (e.g. IeDEA, Manicaland, ALPHA network, PHIA, other home information collected at clinics, etc.), and to include learning and incorporation of types of health facility 	HIVE team, IeDEA, Simon Gregson, ALPHA network, ICAP	Ongoing

 HIVE-Map to have the capability of including 'incidence assay information' from new diagnoses among pregnant women from forthcoming data sources 	HIVE team	Ongoing
 The Reference Group encourages the sustainability of the HIVE-Map model to be used by countries for routine use. Continued collaboration between the HIVE-team and Spectrum modellers is agreed with the future aim to establish direct links between Spectrum-on-the-web and an online interface of the HIVE-Map, for improved cohesion between the models 	HIVE team, Avenir Health, UNAIDS	Ongoing
6. Catalyse focused research and data collection		
Exploratory Studies on HIV-related subfertility: The Reference Group encourages further exploratory studies to determine potential differences in fertility between women on or off ART, relative to HIV negative women	Alpha Network, IeDEA	May 2018